## Recitation #9 [10/26/2018]

- 1. Consider a competitive market in which the government will be impossing an ad valorem tax of  $\tau$ . Aggregate demand curve is  $x(p) = Ap^{\varepsilon}$ , where A > 0 and  $\varepsilon < 0$ , and aggregate supply curve  $q(p) = \alpha p^{\gamma}$ , where  $\alpha > 0$  and  $\gamma > 0$ . Denote  $\kappa = (1 + \tau)$ . Assume that a partial equilibrium analysis is valid.
  - (a) Evaluate how the equilibrium price is affected by a marginal increase in the tax, i.e., a marginal increase in  $\kappa$ .
  - (b) Describe the incidence of the tax when  $\gamma = 0$ .
  - (c) What is the tax incidence when, instead,  $\epsilon = 0$ ?
  - (d) What happens when each of these elastiticities approaches  $\infty$  in absolute value?
  - (e) Redo your analysis in part (a) the relative change in price due to ad valorem tax τ. How would you compare your results to the effects of a unit tax t in example 6.3?